

Appendix table 2. Number of workers represented,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2015

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	130,508,100	111,517,700	18,990,400
Management, professional, and related	39,868,500	29,380,400	10,488,100
Management, business, and financial ...	11,855,900	10,294,000	–
Professional and related	28,012,600	19,086,300	8,926,300
Teachers	6,549,900	–	5,001,500
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	4,270,300	–	3,668,100
Registered nurses	2,822,400	–	–
Service	28,194,000	24,171,100	4,023,000
Protective service	3,107,100	1,278,100	1,829,000
Sales and office	33,281,100	30,575,300	2,705,900
Sales and related	12,361,700	12,245,400	–
Office and administrative support	20,919,400	18,329,800	2,589,600
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	10,111,800	9,131,100	980,700
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	4,658,700	4,102,400	–
Installation, maintenance, and repair	5,453,200	5,028,700	–
Production, transportation, and material moving	19,052,600	18,259,900	792,700
Production	9,124,600	9,013,600	–
Transportation and material moving	9,928,000	9,246,300	–

¹ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels.

² The 2010 Standard Occupational Classification system is used to classify workers.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no estimates for this characteristic are provided in this publication.